### US V Scott Myers (Rev 1 1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 2 DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* 3 4 UNITED STATES Plaintiff 5 CR-03-10370-DPW **VERSUS** 6 SCOTT MYERS 7 Defendant 8 \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* 9 10 BEFORE THE HONORABLE DOUGLAS P. WOODLOCK 11 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 12 REVOCATION HEARING 13 FEBRUARY 22, 2007 14 **APPEARANCES:** DAVID TOBIN, ESQ., Assistant United States Attorney, United States Attorney's Office, One Courthouse Way, Suite 9200, Boston, Massachusetts 02210, on behalf of the 15 16 United States 17 JONATHAN SHAPIRO, Stern, Shapiro, Weissberg & Garin, LLP, 90 Canal Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02114-2022, on 18 behalf of the Defendant 19 Courtroom No. 1 - 3rd Floor 1 Courthouse Way 20 Boston, Massachusetts 02210 21 3:55 P.M. - 4:35 P.M. 22 Pamela R. Owens - Official Court Reporter John Joseph Moakley District Courthouse 23 1 Courthouse Way - Suite 3200 24 Boston, Massachusetts 02210 25 2 THE COURT: Well, do the parties have anything 1 2 further that they want to offer here? MR. TOBIN: Your Honor, good afternoon. The United 3 States has no additional evidence. If the Court is so 4

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- 5 inclined, I'd like to be heard on the appropriate disposition,
- 6 but we have no additional evidence, Your Honor.
- 7 THE COURT: Well, let me then ask Mr. Shapiro. As
- 8 a formal matter, there is a violation. That is, he was
- 9 required to participate in the inpatient treatment and observe
- 10 the rules and he didn't.
- Now, whether the rules were the rules of Martinette
- is another matter. But he didn't as a formal matter comply
- with that condition. Isn't that the case? I mean, he got
- 14 booted out.
- 15 MR. SHAPIRO: Well, I have argued before that to
- the extent they were technical violations, they weren't a
- 17 substantial violation of the conditions. I assume you ruled
- 18 against me on that?
- 19 THE COURT: Right.
- 20 MR. SHAPIRO: And to the extent that the Court has
- 21 found a violation. that's true. I would say that the violation
- 22 was, at best, a very, very minor violation. And that looking
- 23 at this defendant, I think that there is a lot of positive
- 24 information.
- 25 THE COURT: Well, but that's something that I would

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- 1 take on disposition. I'm really dealing separately with the
- 2 question of violation and then disposition here. And I want to
- 3 understand whether or not there is any dispute that he had been
- 4 ordered to participate and observe the rules of the facility
- and to reside there unless he was otherwise -- or reside there
- 6 for six months.
- 7 MR. SHAPIRO: If you're asking me, I would say I
- 8 would rest on my prior argument. But you've already found a
- 9 violation, so I don't think there is anything I can say. The Page 2

only thing I have to say is I'm not clear of whether or not --I mean, there are a whole host of specific violations that were in the letter from the counselor to Mr. Marshall, beginning with violating the rules with respect to visitation. There were other alleged violations with respect to cars. There were some violations relating to lateness. Mr. Myers admitted he was late on a number of occasions. And on a couple of occasions, he recalled why he was late. There was a legitimate excuse. So, I'm not clear which of these approximately seven or eight specifications -- actually, I think there were eight specifications that the Court has found constituted a violation. THE COURT: I don't have to find any of them.

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23 MR. SHAPIRO: Excuse me?

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24 THE COURT: I don't think I have to find that any 25 of them constitute a violation. But what I find is that the

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1 defendant was required to leave here. I think it's fair to say

2 that I find the circumstances capable of exploitation by both

sides: By Mr. Myers, who seems to me to be somewhat

manipulative, looking at all times for opportunities to extend 4

beyond what is the general understandings not explicitly set

6 forth of the program, and the opportunities for arbitrary

7 termination which this set of circumstances evidences to me.

8 But I'm not making an internal -- I am not sitting to determine

9 the appropriateness of the rules that they have or the excuses

10 that can be offered. He was required to participate in that

11 program. He was terminated. Consequently, he is involved in a

12 violation of the terms and conditions of supervised release.

There aren't those subsidiary rulings that I have to make under

14 these circumstances.

15 I listened to the evidence and listened to 16 Mr. Robinson and frankly got a taste of what the place was like 17 and that they got frustrated with Mr. Myers. He was always pushing and always offering excuses. And, so, they didn't want 18 to have him there anymore. And that they didn't want to have 19 20 him there anymore means that he's in violation. That's my 21 ruling on that. 22 So now we're really talking about so what do we do about this. And I think I'll hear first from the Government 23 24 and then I'll hear from you. 25 MR. TOBIN: Your Honor, the Government recognizes 5 1 that although there are Guideline recommendations with regard 2 to supervised release revocations, that they are not bound nor 3 have they ever been binding upon the Court. However, they may 4 be of some benefit to the Court. And as I understand it, the Guidelines for this type of violation with regard to this 5 6 defendant are 8 to 14 months. The United States is going to 7 make two requests of the Court, two recommendations, if you 8 will. We're going to ask that you impose a Guideline recommendation at the very lowest of the applicable --9 10 THE COURT: Why would I do that? You listened to 11 it as well as I did. 12 MR. TOBIN: I did. 13 THE COURT: And I understand, I think, what is 14 required of someone in the inpatient setting and that it is as important for the institution to work that rules be followed 15 16 even if the rules aren't particularly nuanced. But I'm going 17 to send somebody to jail because he didn't -- he brought his car in on occasions that he had no excuse? 18 19 MR. TOBIN: Your Honor, if I may, obviously it's

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your call and I certainly have to defer to the Court and I

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would choose to do so, anyway, in this matter. I think the 21 22 problem here is not that he chose to to bring his car on camp 23 or that he came back late or possibly that he even violated 24 other rules and regulations. I think the real problem here with regard to this defendant is quite simply that he refuses 25 1 to submit to the authority of the Court, United States 2 Probation, or any authority figure. He is constantly -- and I 3 looked back to the violations in September through what we 4 experienced here when he was at the Boston house. He is 5 constantly pushing the envelope. He is constantly needing to 6 be in control. He didn't like his therapist. So, after a 7 month or so, he gets a new therapist. He has to be in control 8 and manipulate the situation. He has yet to say to himself or 9 to this Court, "I recognize that I have made a mistake, that I 10 have committed crimes, that I need help, and I put myself at 11 your mercy." 12 THE COURT: Well, wait a minute. He's already 13 committed the crime and he's already been sentenced. 14 MR. TOBIN: He has not --THE COURT: Now we're talking about what's the 15 16 proper -- from my perspective --17 MR. TOBIN: Yes, sir. THE COURT: What we're talking about is what's the 18 19 proper mechanism for rehabilitation for someone like that? MR. TOBIN: Well, I --20 21 THE COURT: I think I understand the mindset of 22 Mr. Robinson and frankly the mindset of Mr. Myers. On the 23 other hand, I don't think that there is great value in my 24 policing minor infractions. If Mr. Myers is in the posture Page 5

that he's in and doesn't want the help that's available, then

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- perhaps what I'll do is simply say, "All right. He doesn't
- 2 have to go to residential treatment." That was for his
- benefit. He doesn't -- he's got a better idea for his
- 4 benefit. If he violates conditions about using, I'm going to
- 5 throw him in the slammer, no questions asked. And, so, if he
- 6 wants to test the limits of this --
- 7 MR. TOBIN: If I may, most respectfully, I think
- 8 the problem with that is that empowers Mr. Robinson (sic).
- 9 THE COURT: Oh, it does. It empowers him to say
- 10 "I'm in charge of my own life and I'm going to pay the
- 11 consequences."
- MR. TOBIN: But what are the consequence?
- 13 THE COURT: The consequences are that he has
- 14 available here a substantial custodial time period. I have in
- this setting someone who rejects the opportunities that are
- provided because he wants to play games with them. And the
- 17 games are, you know, childish.
- 18 MR. TOBIN: Small and petty and minor perhaps.
- 19 THE COURT: Okay. But it seems to me that
- 20 exercising my authoritarian powers in this context doesn't
- 21 advance any rehabilitative idea.
- 22 MR. TOBIN: And where we disagree, Your Honor, most
- respectfully, is that if we were to say or if the Court were to
- say "we're not going to send you back to a residential
- facility, we're not going to send you to jail, we're going to
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- 1 continue with other types of supervision by United States
- 2 Probation," I think he'll walk out of here, I submit, and think

US V Scott Myers (Rev I didn't like them telling 3 4 me what to do. I basically was able to get out of it and 5 there's no punishment. And the Judge is once again threatening 6 potentially with jail time." 7 THE COURT: No. I think the difference here is 8 this: He's on his own, you know. I'll have supervision. And the supervision will be constant drug testing. The resources 9 10 of the Court will not be devoted to servicing him in some form 11 of program. And if he is -- as I think he may --12 insufficiently familiar with the trouble he can get himself in, 13 he will and then he'll pay the price. So, it's a straightforward, frankly, kind of alternative. 14 15 I have been inclined to encourage people to 16 continue with programs at some cost, costs to other people who 17 could participate in these programs, too, cost of the resources of the Probation Office. But I don't see a reason to do that 18 19 here. Because at the end, I'm not sure I want to spend the 20 resources of the Court on Mr. Myers in some other setting. 21 Because I'm not simply -- you know, if I put him in prison for 22 eight months, which is what you're asking --23 MR. TOBIN: Yes, sir. THE COURT: -- then ordinarily I'd say after the 24 25 eight months, you'll do "X." Then you have an inpatient 9 1 program that you're going to finish or you're going to have 2 some counseling or there's going to be some sort of sober house 3 or something like that. I'm not sure that that makes any 4 sense. And, so, what you're asking me to do is send him into 5 prison for eight months because of car infractions and coming back late. 6 7 MR. TOBIN: But we agreed to some extent, Your Page 7

8	US V Scott Myers (Rev Honor, in this respect: We do not believe that the resources			
9	of the Federal Government, the Judiciary, this Court and			
10	Probation should be spent on this individual. So the second			
11	I mentioned originally I was going to ask the Court to do two			
12	things. One was to give a low bottom Guideline incarceration			
13	and then to have him free. We do not believe that he is			
14	amenable			
15	THE COURT: Oh, I'm not cutting him free.			
16	MR. TOBIN: Well			
17	THE COURT: No, you don't understand. He's going			
18	to be under supervised release. He's going to have the			
19	obligation to stay clean. And if he doesn't stay clean, he's			
20	going to jail.			
21	MR. TOBIN: I understand that.			
22	THE COURT: That's clear. You know, it's as clear			
23	as a color code.			
24	MR. TOBIN: Yes, sir. But he seems to have come			
25	he had two problems originally. And I came to this case			
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1	somewhat late. He seemed to be non-compliant. Based on what I			
2	read in September, he was non-compliant and he was using drugs.			
3	To his credit, at least thus far, he seemed to have come to			
4	terms with the drug use. He has been clean, if you will, had			
5	negative testing. And he's had two since the last time we were			
6	here. He may well have conquered that. What he hasn't			
7	conquered, what he hasn't come to terms with is the			
8	non-compliance, the attitude, the pushing of the envelope.			
9	THE COURT: But what is that to me? I mean, apart			
10	from the idea that it's a belly-bumping exercise			
11	MR. TOBIN: I understand your point. And he's not			
12	committing more crimes or taking drugs while in the CARE			

13	US V Scott Myers (Rev THE COURT: If he's got an attitude, frankly I				
14	don't really care. What I do care about is whether or not he's				
15	dealt with his drug problem. That's why I put him inpatient.				
16	I didn't put him in inpatient because I thought that I ought to				
17	enoourage the gainful employment of more counselors. I put him				
18	in inpatient for his own good.				
19	MR. TOBIN: Well, we believe that he can no longer				
20	benefit. And I understand what you're suggesting is he doesn't				
21	need more counseling, he doesn't need anymore direct				
22	supervision. I mean, he needs drug testing. And if he messes				
23	up, so be it. Our position is that still requires time and				
24	attention by United States Probation that will be better spent				
25	on individuals who are more amenable to rehabilitation.				
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1	THE COURT: Well, I go back to the earlier point				
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3	that you made. I don't mean to hold you to any particular				
4	language, particularly in the psych along which we all have talked in this context				
5	MR. TOBIN: Sure.				
6	THE COURT: because I use it, too. But you said				
7	he will be empowered to believe that he's in charge.				
8	MR. TOBIN: Yes.				
9	THE COURT: Well, really, that's what I want him to				
10	think. He's in charge. He's in charge of his life. He is				
11	responsible for his own life.				
12	MR. TOBIN: But the best way for him to move				
13	forward with his own life, in my humble opinion, is for him to				
14	get to be somewhat humble, not because I think it's good				
15	that he needs to know. I want to make sure that he doesn't use				
16	more drugs and make more crime.				
17	THE COURT: This is the language of the Lenten				
	Page 9				

US V Scott Myers (Rev 18 season that you're giving me, not the language of how I ought 19 to deal with someone who is unwilling to comply with what 20 Mr. Shapiro properly says are all these kind of technical 21 violations -- not technical. But I look at Mr. Robinson and I 22 see what that would be like. It's like a prep. school short story for the overbearing house master and the insolent 23 24 student. 25 MR. TOBIN: But, Your Honor, the --12 THE COURT: But that's not the stuff of -- as far 1 2 as I'm concerned, that's not the stuff of supervised release. 3 MR. TOBIN: I understand that point and I think you make the point well and I accept it. 4 5 The point I'm trying to make is this: This 6 individual was ordered by the Court to undergo and to 7 participate in this program and to graduate. He failed. And 8 he failed not because -- in my humble opinion, the evidence is 9 that he failed because of his attitude and his desire to try to 10 cut corners, not because of the Martinette sound there, "Oh, it's probably not the best one facility." The point is he 11 12 failed. There was no punishment then. What you're suggesting, 13 most humbly, is that there's really no punishment. So you went there. You tried to cut corners. You did. You didn't like it 14 15 there. You got out. The real question now is what is the punishment for disregarding the orders of the Court and the 16 17 requirements of the Court? It seems to me, most respectfully, that there is no punishment. I don't believe that anymore 18 19 resources should be wasted on him. If he can move on with his 20 life, let him go to a YMCA and get counseling, let him do whatever he wants. I think he needs to be cut free. We've 21 22 spent a lot of time and money on him. I don't think there's

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23	US V Scott Myers (Rev anything more that Probation can do for him. And then in			
24	punishment, I think there is some added benefit to his future			
25	life to go to jail and to realize "I'm in jail because of my			
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1	own fault." But even if we assume that that's the language of			
2	atonement and all of that and put that aside, the man looked at			
3	the Court and he refused to be totally aligned and to follow			
4	the dictates of the reasonable orders of the Court to go and to			
5	do this. I have one Judge who once said to an individual who			
6	left one of these facilities because he wouldn't clean a			
7	toilet, I think the Judge looked at him and said, "I was in the			
8	military. When they told me to do things, I did things." That			
9	should be his attitude. It's not.			
10	THE COURT: But nobody, I suspect, sent the Judge			
11	to jail for eight months for			
12	MR. TOBIN: No, no. They didn't send him to jail			
13	at all. The point I'm making is the Guidelines are eight			
14	months. We don't think that he can be helped. We think that			
15	it's a waste of time to put him back into Probation. And I			
16	think he should be on his own. The eight months or some period			
17	of incarceration is worthy because of the fact that he			
18	disregarded the edicts or the dictates or the requirements or			
19	orders of the Court. But I certainly understand your point and			
20	we'll both need help.			
21	THE COURT: All right. I understand the			
22	Government's view. Mr. Shapiro?			
23	MR. SHAPIRO: I'll be brief, Your Honor. But I			
24	think that the Government's position is Alice in Wonderland.			
25	Here we're dealing with the issue here is drugs are what got			
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Mr. Myers into trouble with the law initially. He was addicted Page 11

for years and years during which time he committed crimes and that's one of the crimes that brought him before you. He was on supervised release. And I think, as you said, the goal of supervised released is to prevent him from getting involved in the kind of problem that led him to break the law in the past.

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Now, when he was here in September, he had gotten back on drugs and that was his problem and he needed to deal with that problem. And the Court did -- what I think the Court appropriately did was to order him to go into a program where he was going to deal with that issue, which he did. And since that time, he's been drug-free. Yes, he did violate some of the rules and regulations at this facility. But for the Government now to say we're going to punish him for violating these rules by sending him to prison for eight months and then we're just going to cut him free makes no sense at all. I think it's appropriate to keep him under the gun with respect to drugs and I think at this point he will be the first one to say, yeah, if he does use drugs again, he knows he's going to go to prison. And that would be appropriate because that's the trigger for future criminal conduct which is the purpose of supervised release to prevent.

So, I would recommend that he remain on supervised release as the Court has indicated it intends to do subject to whatever drug testing the Court chooses to impose. Prior to

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the hearing the last time, Mr. Myers had gone to the CARE program at the Court and indicated that he wished to enroll in that. And I think he was at that time interviewed by the Federal Defender. I think it was Cathy Byrne who did it. But because of the pendency of this proceeding, that wasn't --

there was no followup. I think it would be reasonable to allow Page 12

him to live at home with Ms. Sadler at the address that he has lived at and, as a requirement, impose or require that he participate in the CARE program which I believe requires testing as well as --

THE COURT: Well, I'm not sure that I think even that is appropriate here. You know, I hear from Probation with what their view is, a limited program. It's a program for people who are motivated and understand that these marginal kinds of requirements are necessary in the character formation. And that doesn't seem to be Mr. Myers to me. Mr. Myers seems to me to be someone who wants to do it his way. And if he does, then he's going to be riding bare-back if that's who he wants involved. And if he falls off the horse, he's going to get hurt. But that, it seems to me, is one way of dealing with it. I don't -- I mean, I should hear from Probation on the character and how it would work for someone like Mr. Myers. But how one would formulate that or even whether I would be the person to make that kind of -- apart from recommendation or direction.

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PROBATION OFFICER: Well, Your Honor, I think you could make that decision if you chose. I wouldn't make that decision. I would refer his case to the Treatment Services Unit for consideration into the program. I would just say from my experience that Mr. Myers would be a forfeit for the program given the extensive requirements, particularly in phase one, where you're reporting three days a week and, you know, this on time and different factors that Mr. Myers in the past hasn't always exhibited an ability or a willingness to do so. However, my experience with Mr. Myers really wouldn't have, I don't think, much to say as to his acceptance into the

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12 program. I would have that be Supervisor John Hurdick's 13 decision and a few other members of that team to make a final 14 decision. But it doesn't seem like a very good match. THE COURT: Let me understand the time period that 15 I have available to him here. Am I right that there are 35 16 17 months remaining --18 PROBATION OFFICER: Yes, Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: -- to be imposed for purposes of 20 supervised release? 21 PROBATION OFFICER: Given the one-month sentence at 22 the revocation hearing, yes. So, it would be 35 months. 23 THE COURT: So, for a period of 35 months, he's on 24 his own vulnerable to getting himself in trouble by means of 25 using drugs or getting involved in some other violation of 17 1 federal, state or local crime or any of the other conditions 2 other than the indicated conditions with a potential of me 3 imposing a Guidelines sentence if there is a violation and then 4 he has to go through it again. 5 Let's assume he commits a drug violation. Of course I'll look at it in its own context. But I would be 6 7 inclined at this point to say it should be a high end 8 violation. So, that will be 14 months in prison. 9 And he comes out and he has another 21 months that's available 10 for purpose of supervised release and we continue to go through 11 that process in which Mr. Myers can interrupt successful completion of supervised release. Everytime he violates, he 12 13 gets himself put in jail. 14 All right. So, Mr. Myers, I'll hear from you. MR. MYERS: Thank you for hearing me, Your Honor. 15

I'm sorry to come to the Court, especially when the Court had

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17 extended its help to me.

I did have problems at the program initially over a biography I wrote and I didn't want it to be circulated the way that they intended to. And I asked that and that was the reason why I changed that with my case worker.

I am responsible for being late. I do have valid reasons why I was late. But still, if you ask me to go to the store and get something and I agree to it, I should come back rain, sleet or snow. And I didn't.

I do need help. Yes. Right now, I'm in NA. I have my sober groups I attend and my sober support.

Do I feel I should be in prison? I mean, to get every -- you know, not to tell anybody, "Hey, look, I don't want to bother you anymore." But come on, you guys have looked out for me because I could have really been in some stuff with -- I'm talking prior to even these violations. I do have a drug problem. That problem is with me every day. And I need to fight the drug problem. I do suffer from it. But with my life, I can't. I know that I'm not coming back if I go out, meaning using. And to have Probation supervise me for this time, I need that. I need to be on my color code.

13 THE COURT: But when -- on your own terms?

MR. MYERS: Excuse me?

15 THE COURT: On your own terms? You know, whenever 16 you feel like you like the supervision, you go along with it 17 and when you don't like it, you don't?

MR. MYERS: No, a contract is you hold your end.

And I've been questionable about holding my end. But I'm serious. I don't want to go. And there was a lot of things that the Steven Miller House helped me with. So it's not like Page 15

I went there and played around. I went there. I did do chores. He spoke of atonement. I did my chores. They didn't

speak of me preventing like 11 other people from relapsing,

25 helping me into detox. and sharing my experience, strength and

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1 hope with those gentlemen in order for them to continue on and

which I do still to this day. Those things weren't spoke

about. It was a little problem between me and that gentleman

and he helped me. Because I don't care what comes at me. It's

my job to see a positive. Where I'm at right now is I need

supervision. I'm asking this Court to allow me -- just as the

Court did say, if I violate, I'm going to jail. And you're not

going to be slapping me on the wrist because you see that I'm

9 playing games. You're not playing them.

THE COURT: Well, you say you want to go to some

11 other program?

MR. MYERS: I'm saying, Your Honor, I tried. I

would like to go into the CARE program. I'd like to -- excuse

14 me?

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15 THE COURT: You know, I have to tell you I know a 16 little about the CARE program. And it doesn't seem to be a fit

17 with your personality to be perfectly candid.

18 MR. MYERS: I spoke with, Your Honor, Sorokin. I

wrote him a letter. He had suggested that I come in. I had

20 known Mr. Sorokin before he became Honorable Sorokin. And he

thought it would be the best fit for me. And then I wrote him

22 a letter and told him when I was available to come to camp. I

told him I would come and I did come. I'll go to the program

to try to get in. If this Court is not inclined to allow me to

go to the program, I do need some counseling. Please allow me

20 1 to go back to my AdCare counselor so that I can continue having 2 some support system. I don't want to ride bare-back, as you 3 say. I want to do this. And I don't want to come back before 4 the Court wasting this Court's time over stuff, especially when you have went -- and when you handle something once, you don't 5 6 have to do it again. I'm clean. I just need a little help and 7 I'm not here to play with the Court. 8 THE COURT: What does that mean? What is going 9 back to your AdCare counselor? What does that mean from 10 Probation's point of view? 11 PROBATION OFFICER: That's out-patient treatment 12 services, typically once a week, whether it's a group or 13 individual treatment sessions. Unfortunately, Mr. Myers did 14 have, I think, a fairly good relationship with his previous 15 counselor who is no longer with the agency. And, so, I don't 16 know. I'm pretty sure you're aware of that --17 THE COURT: Yes. PROBATION OFFICER: -- but just to let you know 18 19 that he's no longer there. But that's what AdCare is. It's 20 more like once a week, an hour session. But then there's attendance issues and things that go with that. But that's 21 22 what the program is. 23 THE COURT: What is the cost involved? 24 PROBATION OFFICER: Well, that's something that, 25 depending on insurance -- if Mr. Myers has insurance, say Mass. 21 1 Health, Mass. Health would pay for it. So it wouldn't cost 2 Probation Department anything. Otherwise, Mr. Myers is 3 employed. A co-payment -- piece-group sessions are certainly

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cheaper than individual sessions. But again, that can also be

5	US V Scott Myers (Rev based on contributions from Mr. Myers to pay for the services.		
6	MR. TOBIN: Your Honor, if I may, the only problem		
7	respectfully, the only potential problem with that is we're		
8	back to where we were before which is let's say he has an		
9	appointment with his counselor on Tuesday. He misses the		
10	appointment. Then		
11	THE COURT: Well, no. You've identified I think		
 12	you are going in the direction that I have in mind. Does		
13	AdCare terminate people from the program?		
14	PROBATION OFFICER: AdCare wouldn't terminate.		
15	They would send us they'd either call me directly or send me		
16	a notice of a missed session like they did previously.		
17	THE COURT: Well, let me look at it from another		
18	perspective. Can Mr. Myers on his own choose to go to AdCare		
19	without the supervision of Probation? Is there any reason why		
20	he can't do that?		
21	PROBATION OFFICER: I wouldn't think that I		
22	can't see any reason why he couldn't do that.		
23	MR. MYERS: I don't know of that relationship. I		
24	really don't. I know that the counselor I was working with now		
25	is on the Cape. And I was going to make efforts to see him at		
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1	22 his position them and see if I sould deal with him them. If		
1	his position there and see if I could deal with him there. If		
2	not, I was trying to get into the program here at AdCare which		
3	is on Beacon Street in Boston because he's no longer there. I		
4 5	did start building a relationship with a new counselor. And I  don't know if the Court orders it. If the Court doesn't order		
6	it, can I get in myself? I don't know about that.		
7	THE COURT: You say that someone can?		
8	PROBATION OFFICER: Yes. My understanding is they		
9	have other patients or clients outside of the federal clients		
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US V Scott Myers (Rev 10 with our contract. So, I don't -- I haven't worked with 11 anybody specifically that has done that, but I don't see why 12 that wouldn't be possible. 13 THE COURT: Well, I guess, Mr. Myers, I'm leaving it up to you. You find your counseling. You find the 14 program. It's up to you. We've gone through a variety of 15 different experiences here. you can apply for the CARE 16 17 program. I'm not making it a condition of supervised release. I think it's a good idea. But I thought that the Steven Miller 18 19 House was a good idea, irrespective of the kind of aggressive 20 -- passive/aggressive approach of Mr. Robinson. But you've made some choices and the choices are to test the envelope. 21 22 And I am of the view that I'm simply not going to engage the 23 Probation Office directly through an order of my own in a further kind of close supervision. You've made your choice. 24 25 You know what's best. And as a consequence, you will face real 23 difficulties if you get yourself in trouble again. It will 1 2 mean jail. If you get involved in another crime, you use, and 3 they find out that you're using, I'm going to put you in jail. 4 And it's going to be a Guideline sentence. Now you know what 5 the Guidelines are: Eight to fifteen months here. And I assume it will be the same Guideline for a violation. 6 7 PROBATION OFFICER: It would, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: So that's what's going to happen. 9 Now, my own view is that you would do well to find 10 your program. But it's not going to be ordered as part of 11 supervised release here. I've done it. And you have your own 12 view. So, I'm taking you out. I am revoking. I am taking out the condition of inpatient treatment and residence at a 13 14 six-month sober house approved by the Probation Office. I am

15	leaving in place all of the other conditions. And you have got			
16	a warning. And the warning is there won't be a question if you			
17	come back here violating either of those major conditions for			
18	me not technical conditions, major conditions for me			
19	using or getting yourself involved in another crime. That will			
20	be virtually automatic jail time. Of course I'll consider all			
21	of the sets of circumstances, but you should know what the			
22	likely consequence is going to be. And now you do. But you			
23	can't say "I'd like to have help" and then reject the help.			
24	You can't say, "I'll do it my way" and then say "Well, I'd like			
25	someone else to pull me out on this." Not at this stage.			
		24		
1	So, for those reasons, I do revoke and reimpose			
2	supervised release to 35 months. It's a long time. And you			
3	better get your life in order on your schedule in your way to			
4	meet these serious obligations.			
5	Now, are there other issues that I'm sorry			
6	the Government or Probation want to raise with me here?			
7	MR. TOBIN: No, Your Honor. I think that covers it			
8	all. Thank you.			
9	THE COURT: Okay. You should understand you have a			
10	right of appeal and you'll want to consider whether or not to			
11	exercise that right of appeal. But now you have nobody else to			
12	blame, Mr. Myers, if something goes wrong.			
13	MR. MYERS: Yes, Your Honor.			
14	THE COURT: All right.			
15	MR. MYERS: Thank you.			
16	THE COURT: We'll be in recess.			
17	MR. TOBIN: Thank you, Your Honor.			
18	RECESSED AT 4:35 P.M.			
19	CERTIFICATION			

20	US V Scott Myers (Rev I certify that the foregoing is a correct		
21	transcript of the record of proceedings in the above-entitled		
22	matter to the best of my skill and ability.		
23	/s/		
24	Pamela R. Owens	Date	
25	Official Court Reporter		